Citation. 1. These Regulations may be cited as the Food, Drugs and Chemical Substances (Food Hygiene) Regulations.

Interpretation. 2. In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires—

"adequate" means that which is needed to accomplish the intended purpose in keeping with good public health practice;

"food contact surface" means any surface which comes into contact with food during the sale, preparation, packaging, conveying or storing of such food;

"food plant" means the building or part thereof used for or in connection with the sale, preparation, packaging, or storing of food;

"health authority", in relation to the area of a municipality, means the municipal council of the municipality concerned, and, in relation to any other area, means the Minister;

"sanitize" means to adequately treat surfaces by a process that is effective in destroying vegetative cells of pathogenic bacteria and in substantially reducing other micro-organisms such that the treatment shall not adversely affect the food and shall be safe for the consumer.

Premises not to be used unless licenced. 3. (1) No person shall use any premises or being the owner or occupier thereof permit or allow the premises to be used for the purposes of selling, preparing, packaging, storing, or displaying for sale any food unless that person is in possession of a licence issued under these Regulations.

(2) No licence shall be issued under these Regulations unless—

(a) the health authority is satisfied that the provisions of these Regulations have been complied with; and

(b) the fee prescribed in the second column of the Third Schedule has been paid to the health authority.

Application for registration of premises. 4. Every person desiring a licence in respect of any premises used or to be used for the purpose of selling, preparing, storing, or displaying for sale any food shall make application in Form A set out in the First Schedule to the health authority and shall, on request, supply any information which may be required by the health authority for the purposes of these Regulations.

Issue and expiry of licence. 5. (1) Every licence issued under these Regulations shall be in Form B set out in the First Schedule, and shall expire on the 31st December next following the date of issue.

(2) No person to whom a licence has been issued under these Regulations shall lend, hire, sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of that licence to any person without the approval of the health authority which approval shall be endorsed on the licence.

(3) No licence shall be transferred from the premises in respect of which it was issued to any other premises.

Growing and harvesting operations to be of a sanitary nature. 6. Every person who owns, operates or is in charge of the growing and harvesting operations for raw materials to be used in the preparation of food shall ensure that such operations are of a clean and sanitary nature and that—

(a) unfit raw materials are segregated out during harvesting and disposed of in such place and such manner that they cannot contaminate food or the water supply to a food plant or any other crops; and
Grounds surrounding a food plant to be kept free from contaminating conditions.

- Improperly stored equipment, litter, waste and refuse which may attract, harbour or constitute breeding places for rodents, insects and other pests;
- Inadequately drained areas that may contribute to the contamination of food products through seepage or foot-borne filth and provide breeding places for insects or micro-organisms.

7. (1) Every person who owns, operates or is in charge of a food plant shall keep the grounds surrounding the food plant free from conditions which may result in the contamination of food and more particularly he shall keep such grounds free from—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Layout and construction of food plants and facilities.</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) Improperly stored equipment, litter, waste and refuse which may attract, harbour or constitute breeding places for rodents, insects and other pests; and</td>
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<tr>
<td>(b) Inadequately drained areas that may contribute to the contamination of food products through seepage or foot-borne filth and provide breeding places for insects or micro-organisms.</td>
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8. (1) All food plants shall be of suitable design, layout and construction to facilitate easy maintenance and sanitary food production.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Construction of floors, walls, etc., of food plants.</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) Sufficient space for such placement of equipment and storage of materials as is necessary for sanitary operations;</td>
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<tr>
<td>(b) Separate areas, either by partition, location or other effective means, for those operations which may cause the contamination of food or food contact surfaces with undesirable micro-organisms, chemicals, filth or other extraneous materials;</td>
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<tr>
<td>(c) Adequate lighting to hand-washing areas, dressing and locker rooms, toilets and to all areas where food or food ingredients are examined, processed or stored and where equipment and utensils are cleaned;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) Adequate ventilation or control equipment to minimize odours and noxious fumes or vapours (including steam), particularly in areas where such odours and noxious fumes or vapours may contaminate food, so however that such ventilation or control equipment shall not create conditions that contribute to food contamination by air-borne contaminants; and</td>
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<tr>
<td>(e) Where necessary, effective screening or other protection against birds, animals and vermin (including, but not limited to, insects and rodents).</td>
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9. (1) The floors, walls and ceiling of a food plant shall be of such construction as to be adequately cleanable and maintained in a clean and good state of repair.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Equipment, utensils and food contact surfaces.</th>
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<tr>
<td>(a) Suitable for their intended use;</td>
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<tr>
<td>(b) So designed and of such materials and workmanship as to be adequately cleanable; and</td>
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<tr>
<td>(c) Properly maintained.</td>
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10. (1) All utensils and equipment used in a food plant shall be—

<table>
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<th>(2) Every food contact surface shall be—</th>
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<tr>
<td>(b) Harvesting containers do not constitute a source of contamination to raw materials and are of such construction as to facilitate thorough cleaning.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Sanitary facilities and controls.

(a) smooth and free from pits, crevices and loose scale;

(b) non-toxic;

(c) capable of withstanding repeated cleaning, disinfection and sanitizing; and

(d) non-absorbent, unless the nature of a particular and otherwise acceptable process renders the use of an absorbent surface such as wood necessary.

(3) The design, construction and use of the utensils and equipment referred to in paragraph (1) shall be such as to prevent the contamination of food by lubricants, fuel, metal fragments, contaminated water, or any other contaminants.

(4) The equipment in a food plant shall be installed and maintained in such manner as to facilitate the cleaning of such equipment and the adjoining areas.

11. (1) No person shall use any premises as a food plant unless—

(a) adequate sanitary conveniences are provided for use by employees and every premises where food is prepared and served are provided with adequate separate sanitary conveniences for public use;

(b) the water supply to the premises is derived from an adequate source, sufficient for the intended operations and potable;

(c) running water at a suitable temperature is provided in all areas where the processing of food and the cleaning of equipment, utensils and containers are carried on;

(d) the drainage of effluents is made through an adequate sewerage system or disposed of through other adequate and approved means;

(e) the plumbing is of adequate size and design and so installed and maintained as to—

(i) carry sufficient quantities of water to all areas where the water is required;

(ii) properly convey sewage and liquid disposal waste;

(iii) provide adequate floor drainage in all areas where the floors are subject to flooding type cleaning or where normal operations release or discharge water or other liquid waste on the floor; or

(iv) constitute no source of contamination to food ingredients, food products and water supplies;

(f) refuse and offal is conveyed and disposed of so as to minimize noxious odour, to prevent waste which might attract or harbour or provide a breeding place for vermin and to prevent the contamination of food, food contact surfaces, ground surfaces and water supplies.

(2) The sanitary conveniences provided under this regulation shall conform to the following conditions—

(a) separate conveniences shall be provided for members of each sex and each shall be maintained in a sanitary condition and kept in conditions of good repair at all times;

(b) toilets shall be furnished with sufficient toilet tissue, clean towels and soap;

(c) doors to toilet rooms shall be self-closing and not open directly into areas where food is exposed to air-borne contaminants except where alternate means have been devised to prevent contamination of such food; and

(d) signs shall be posted in appropriate places directing employees to wash their hands with soap after using the toilet.
General maintenance of the plant.

12. Notwithstanding any other provisions of these Regulations, every person who owns, operates or is in charge of a food plant shall ensure that—

(a) the buildings, fixtures and other facilities of the plant are kept in a state of good repair and maintained in a hygienic condition;

(b) cleaning operations are conducted in such a manner as to minimize the danger of contamination of food and food contact surfaces;

(c) supplies used in cleaning and sanitizing procedures are free from micro-biological contamination and are safe and effective for their intended use;

(d) only such toxic materials as are required to maintain sanitary conditions or for use in laboratory testing procedures, or plant and equipment maintenance, or in the preparation of food, are used or stored in the plant;

(e) no animals or birds, other than those essential as raw materials, are allowed in the plant;

(f) effective measures are taken to exclude pests from food areas and to protect against the contamination of food in or on the premises by animals and vermin; and

(g) the use of pesticides is done under such precautions and restrictions as to prevent the contamination of food or packaging material.

Sanitation of utensils and equipments.

13. (1) Every person who owns, operates or is in charge of a food plant shall ensure that—

(a) all utensils and food contact surfaces or equipment are cleaned as frequently as necessary to prevent contamination of food products;

(b) single-service articles are stored in appropriate containers and handled, dispensed, used and disposed of in a manner that prevents contamination of food or food contact surfaces;

(c) all utensils and the equipment used in the plant are cleaned and sanitized prior to use to prevent the contamination of food products by micro-biological organisms; except that where such utensils and equipment are used in a continuous operation, the contact surfaces of the utensils and equipment shall be cleaned and sanitized on a predetermined schedule using adequate methods; and

(d) sanitizing agents used in the plant are effective and safe.

(2) Any procedure, machine or device may be used for cleaning and sanitizing equipment or utensils if it is established, to the satisfaction of an authorized officer, that such procedure, machine or device provides adequate sanitizing treatment.

(3) Cleaned and sanitized equipment and utensils with food contact surfaces shall be stored in such areas and manner that the food contact surfaces are protected from splash, dust and other contaminants.

Process and controls.

14. Every person who owns, operates or is in charge of a food plant shall comply with the following requirements as regards the overall control of the operations carried on therein, that is to say—

(a) all operations in the receiving, inspecting, handling, segregating, preparing, processing, storing and transportation of food are conducted in a hygienic manner;

(b) overall sanitation of the plant is done under the supervision of a person or persons specially assigned to supervise the sanitizing processes in the plant;

(c) reasonable precautions, as set out in Part A of the Second Schedule are taken to ensure that production procedures shall not contribute to the contamination of food by filth harmful chemicals,
Health measures to be taken in a food plant.

15. (1) Every person who owns, operates or is in charge of a food plant shall take all reasonable measures and precautions to ensure that—

(a) no person suffering from any disease in a communicable form or having boils, sores or infected wounds works in a food plant in any capacity where there is a reasonable possibility of food ingredients becoming contaminated by such person or the disease being transmitted to the other employees;

(b) thorough medical examination is carried out in a Government medical institution or by a medical officer of health on all employees prior to their employment and at regular intervals of not more than twelve months; and the health certificate and health records of each employee showing the dates and results of the health examination are kept at the food plant;

(c) all persons while working in direct contact with food, food ingredients or food contact surfaces comply with requirements as to general cleanliness set out in Part B of the Second Schedule;

(d) the personnel responsible for identifying sanitation failures or food contamination are properly trained to provide a level of competency necessary for the production of clean and safe food, and in the case of food handlers and supervisors, proper techniques and food protection principles are instituted to make them cognizant of the danger of poor personal hygiene and insanitary practices; and

(e) proper supervision is provided so that responsibility for ensuring the compliance by all employees with the requirements of these Regulations (copies of which shall be prominently displayed in all appropriate places in the plant) is assigned to competent supervisory personnel.

(2) (a) The owner, operator or the person in charge of a food plant shall, in pursuance of the provisions of paragraph (1) (b), apply to the health authority for a medical examination of all persons employed at the food plant.

(b) Every application for medical examination under sub-paragraph (a) shall be made in the form prescribed in Form "C" in the First Schedule and shall be accompanied by a fee of one hundred shillings.

(3) The certificates of medical examination issued by health authority under this regulation shall be in the form prescribed in Form "D" in the First Schedule.

16. (1) Where any food plant, by reason of its situation, construction or disrepair, is in such a condition that any food in the premises may be exposed to contamination or deterioration or become dirty, an authorized officer may serve a notice in writing on the person who owns or operates the food plant requiring him—

(a) to clean, reconstruct or repair the premises in the specified manner and period; or

(b) not to use the plant until the conditions stated in such notice have been fulfilled.

(2) Any person, on whom a notice is served under paragraph (1) may, within fourteen days from the date he receives such notice, appeal to the Minister who shall make such order thereon as he
thinks fit and whose decision shall be final.

(3) A notice served under this regulation shall remain effective until such a time as the person on whom it is served receives a copy of the Minister's decision and complies with any direction which may be given by the Minister.

(4) It shall be sufficient compliance with a notice served under this regulation if the person on whom such notice is served ceases to use the premises as a food plant.

17. Any person who contravenes the provisions of these Regulations shall be guilty of an offence and liable—

(a) in the case of a first offence, to a fine not exceeding two thousand shillings or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months, or to both such fine and imprisonment; and

(b) in the case of a second or subsequent offence, to a fine not exceeding four thousand shillings or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, or to both such fine and imprisonment.